16 Wyatt Ave, Belrose, 2085 6 August 2013

Strategic Review Committee,
Oxford Falls Valley and Belrose North Strategic Review,
Department of Planning and Infrastructure,
GPO Box 39,
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Re: 14 and 16 Wyatt Ave, Belrose (Site ID: A5)

This is a submission to the Draft Oxford Falls Valley and Belrose North Strategic Review Report.

The points we would like to raise are:

- 1) We agree with the zoning of our land as R5 (Large Lot residential) in stage 1 of this strategic review.
- 2) The minimum lot size has not been addressed and must be addressed.
- 3) The Site Analysis for our properties has not been done correctly
- 4) The Environmental Constraints shown on Warringah Council's records are wrong and need correcting.
- 5) Our properties must be considered for further zoning consideration.

Further information on these points is below.

#### 2) Minimum Lot Size:

The minimum lot size of one house per 50 acres (200,000m<sup>2</sup>) was put in place with IDO51 in 1974 as a temporary measure. Land owners were advised in 1974 that this temporary measure would be lifted in 6 months time. Our land is 2,276m<sup>2</sup> (14 Wyatt Ave) and 9,333m<sup>2</sup> (16 Wyatt Ave). A minimum lot size of 200,000m<sup>2</sup> is ridiculous.

The draft report states:

"The density control was developed in 1974 under an Interim Development Order 51 to respond to the water quality issues of the Narrabeen Lagoon Catchment impacted on by the residential development in the 1960s and 1970s within the study area. Revising the density control within the study area is therefore premature until water quality impacts for the catchment is considered in detail." (Extract from Page 26)

Three points to do with this issue:

1) Our land does not drain to Narrabeen Lagoon.

- 2) Why spend all of this time and effort doing a strategic review if you don't revise the density controls (which were meant to be revisited in 6 months from 1974)
- 3) The Water Quality Study has been done by Warringah Council is titled "Warringah Non Urban Lands Study Stage 2 Impacts on Water Quality of Narrabeen Lagoon" and is 66 pages long.

The conclusion of the Water Quality Study was:

#### "CONCLUSIONS

It has been determined that development of the areas identified as suitable from Stage 1 of the NULS (PPK, 2000), which drain to Narrabeen Lagoon, can be undertaken without a subsequent reduction in water quality in Narrabeen Lagoon, and in most cases an increase in water quality can be achieved."

We ask that the minimum lot size for all of the land proposed to be R5 on the Northern side of Wyatt Ave is 1,000m<sup>2</sup>.

#### 3) Site Analysis:

We believe the two separate properties at 14 and 16 should have had a separate site analysis done for each parcel of land. No 14 adjoins urban land, and does not adjoin bushland. No 16 adjoins urban land (front) and adjoins bushland (rear), as shown on the site analysis.

Appendix A of this submission contains the Site Analysis for our property.

The site analysis shows Environmental Constraints of moderate 85% and significant 15%. This is baseless and needs to be corrected.

#### 4) Environmental Constraints

Below is an extract from the Secondary Constraints Analysis:

This has the following problems:

#### a) Riparian Land:

When Warringah Council put a riparian land report on public exhibition in 2010, we noticed our land was shown as having riparian land on it. At our request, Adrian Turnbull, Senior Environment Officer Natural Environment, Warringah Council carried out a site visit on 1st September 2010. Adrian inspected the property and concluded there was no Riparian land on our property. He advised that the Riparian land map would be amended as soon as possible. Our property is still shown on the maps as having Riparian land on it.

For the Constraints analysis, our property has been given a Riparian Rating of 3 instead of zero. Can you please amend your records to reflect the site visit carried out by Adrian Turnbull.

#### b) Significant Vegetation:

Significant vegetation was listed under the secondary constraints as 3 when the property is over 90% cleared paddocks (as shown on the site inspection report). Appendix B of this submission contains the Vegetation Classifications for our land from the Non Urban Lands Study. The Non Urban Lands Study listed our properties as the lowest possible vegetation classification.

This secondary constraints value for Significant Vegetation should have been zero. Can you please amend your records to reflect this.

#### c) Threatened Species:

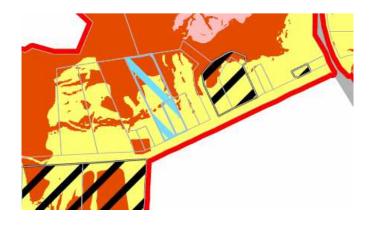
The threatened species is shown for our land as 2. There are no threatened species or wildlife corridors on our land. The rear of our land is all fenced and is horse paddocks. Please amend your records to reflect this.

#### 5) Our properties must be considered for further zoning consideration

The Non Urban Lands study showed our land as having potential for higher intensity development. Appendix C of this report shows the maps from the Non Urban Lands Study and the description of the cross hatched area.

The Secondary Constraints analysis map (our property shown below) in the draft strategic review shows our land as having three classifications:

- 1) Light Blue Cross hatched: This is due to the inaccuracies explained above and should be removed.
- 2) Red (Primary Constraints): This is due to the inaccuracies explained above and should be removed.
- 3) Yellow cross hatched: The Yellow and Black Cross Hatched areas are ambiguous. All of the land which has been proposed by the draft report as being R5 should be marked unambiguously marked as "Land for further zoning consideration".



# WLEP 2011 Land Application Map Deferred matter (Study Area) WARRINGAH Major Roads Cadastre Secondary Constraint Analysis = E3 zoning consideration Secondary Constraint Analysis = E3 zoning consideration Primary Constraint Analysis = E3 zoning Land for further zoning consideration Land for further zoning consideration

Oxford Falls Valley and Belrose North Strategic Review

We trust that you will take the points raised in this submission into consideration.

We request that be given the opportunity to present our case to the Warringah Development Assessment Panel.

Yours sincerely,

Jenny & John Holman

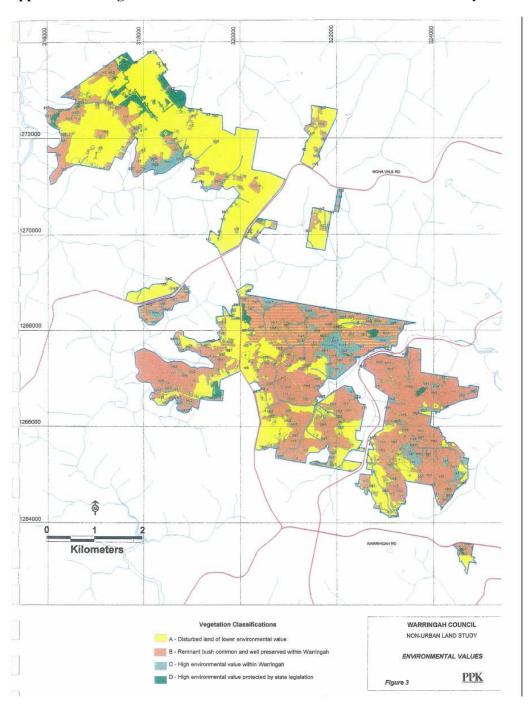
#### Appendix A - Site analysis for 14 & 16 Wyatt Ave





#### OXFORD FALLS VALLEY & BELROSE NORTH STRATEGIC REVIEW SITE ANALYSIS (Mr Holman) Date: 10/12/12 SITE ID: 4 Precinct: Property Address: 14-16 Wyatt Ave Lot/DP: Inspection Officers: Contact: Owner's consent to access land: Yes □ No Owner(s) present Yes Left calling card? ☐ Yes showed us around **DESKTOP ANALYSIS** Owner Private □ Warringah Council □ Commissioner for Roads ☐ Metropolitan LALC ☐ Minister for Education □ Ausgrid ☐ Minister Administering the Sporting Venues ☐ Optus Management Act ☐ Sydney Water Corporation ☐ State Planning Authority □ Telstra ☐ Crown Land ☐ NSW Electricity Transmission Authority Adjoins an urban area 12 Yes MM No Adjoins bushland TYes Year No Vegetation ☐ Bushland ☑ cleared paddocks Percentage cleared ( % %) 90 ☐ Other Proximity to a telecommunications facility □ 1,000-1,500m □ 1,500-2000m □ >2,000m □ < 500m ☑ 500-1,000m **Environmental Constraints** ☐ No env. Constraints (\_%) ☐ Severe (\_%) ☐ Prohibitive (\_ Significant (10%) Moderate (%%) ☐ Heritage ☐ Bushfire SITE VISIT ANALYSIS **Building on site** Yes □ No □ Unable to determine Type of buildings on site (if applicable) Dwelling (Seniors, attached detached) ☐ Utilities e.g. sub station, satellite dishes Domestic outbuildings - Strubles □ Storage ☐ Educational ☐ Agricultural Caprustcuse □ Commercial ☐ Other טטט Use of site Residential □ Educational ☐ Rural □ Commercial □ Industrial □ Infrastructure ☐ Retail ☐ Mixed ☐ Other Additional comments/ observations do mestro stables

Appendix B – Vegetation Classification from the Non Urban Lands Study



#### Class A - Disturbed land of lower conservation value.

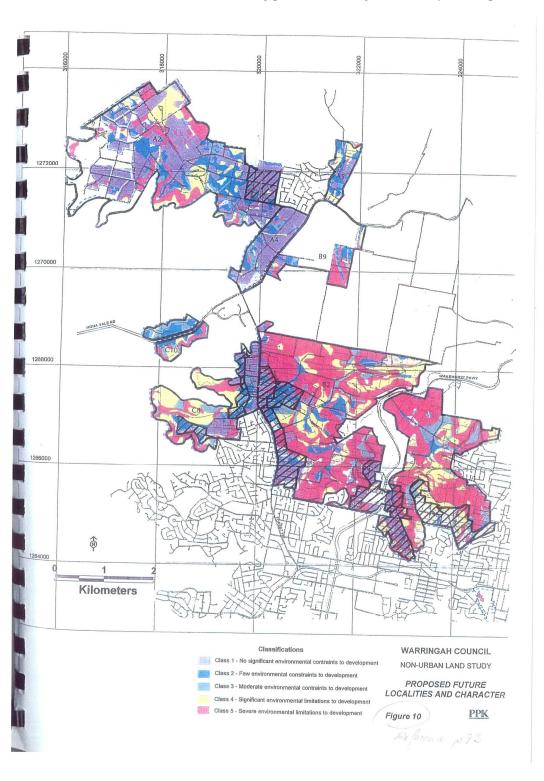
Areas where the existing land is highly disturbed, cleared of native vegetation or where vegetation is degraded to the point that environmental values have been severely degraded. Environmental values are therefore a minor consideration when planning to develop provided that appropriate planning controls have been satisfied. Approximately 41 percent of the land within the study area were categorised into class A.

### Class B - Remnant bush which is common and well preserved within Warringah.

Areas with remnant native vegetation communities which are well represented throughout Warringah and in National Parks. These areas include vegetation communities identified by Smith and Smith (1998) as being of third priority for conservation. Provided that appropriate planning controls have been satisfied and an ongoing management plan is adopted to ensure the sustainability of the proposed activity these lands could support a moderate level of development in terms of potential environmental impact. Approximately 49 percent of the land within the study area was categorised as being in Class B.

## $\begin{tabular}{ll} Appendix $C-L$ and identified by the Non Urban Lands Study as having potential for higher intensity development \\ \end{tabular}$

Below is an extract from the Non Urban Lands Study showing our land as cross hatched. The cross hatched area was identified as having potential for higher intensity development.



Recommendation 3:

That the hatched areas identified in Figure 10 as having potential for higher intensity development and land uses (as outlined in Chapter 11), be further investigated with particular regard to the respective areas':

- transport and sewerage infrastructure constraints;
- bushfire hazard constraints;
- the cumulative effects on environmental values (for example Narrabeen Lagoon); and
- the regional demand for land generally.